



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

#16
Appeal to
Appeal Board
Office of
Technology
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PATENT

Application No.: 09/625,769

Filing Date: July 26, 2000

Applicant: IIJIMA

Group Art Unit: 2871

Examiner: ANDREW SCHECHTER

Title: DISPLAY DEVICE AND ELECTRONIC APPARATUS
USING THE SAME

Attorney Docket: 9319S-000142

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Attention: Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences

APPELLANT'S BRIEF (37 C.F.R. 1.192)

This brief (which is filed in triplicate) is in furtherance of the Notice of Appeal, filed

in this case on February 28, 2003.

06/05/2003 00000099 09625769

01 FC:1251 11070A This brief contains these items under the following headings, and in the order set forth below:

- I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST
- II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES
- III. STATUS OF CLAIMS
- IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS
- V. SUMMARY OF INVENTION

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VI. ISSUES

VII. GROUPING OF CLAIMS

VIII. ARGUMENTS

IX. APPENDIX OF CLAIMS INVOLVED IN THE APPEAL

The final page of this brief bears the practitioner's signature.

I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The real party in interest in this appeal is Seiko Epson Corporation.

II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

There are no known appeals or interferences which will directly affect or be directly affected by or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the present appeal.

III. STATUS OF CLAIMS

The status of the claims in this application is as follows:

a. TOTAL NUMBER OF CLAIMS IN APPLICATION

Claims in the application are 1-24.

b. STATUS OF ALL THE CLAIMS

- i. Claims cancelled: 5 and 12-15
- ii. Claims withdrawn from consideration but not cancelled: none
- iii. Claims pending: 1-4, 6-11, and 16-24
- iv. Claims allowed: 1-4 and 6-11
- v. Claims rejected: 16-24

c. CLAIMS ON APPEAL

The claims on appeal are 16-24.

IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

There was no amendment filed after the final rejection mailed October 29, 2002.

V. SUMMARY OF INVENTION

The following summary will be given with reference numerals shown in Fig. 5. However, a more general embodiment of the present invention is shown in Fig. 1 and alternate embodiments are shown in Figs. 6 – 9.

As called for in claim 16, a display device 10 is provided and adapted for both reflection type display and transmission type display. The device 10 comprises a liquid crystal panel 20 including a liquid crystal material 26; an illuminating device 70 adapted to illuminate the liquid crystal panel 20 in a transmission type display mode; the illuminating device 70 including a light guiding member 72; a light reflector 80 adapted to reflect an external light impinged upon the liquid crystal panel 20 in a reflection type display mode, the light reflector 80 being positioned behind the illumination device 70 relative to the external light; a light diffuser 30 arranged between the liquid crystal material 26 and the light reflector 80, the light diffuser 30 having forward scattering characteristics, a space between the light diffuser 30 and the light reflector 80 being a certain distance, the light diffuser 30 and the distance satisfying the following relationship:

$$H(\%) \geq -200d + 140(\text{mm})$$

wherein d is the distance between the light diffuser 30 and the light reflector 80, and H is a haze value of the light diffuser 30. Page 29, line 16 – Page 32, line 1. (See also Page 15, line 14 – Page 16, line 17 and Page 23, line 10 – Page 24, line 10 wherein different reference numerals are used).

As called for in Claim 17, the display device 10 further comprises a color filter 27 proximate the liquid crystal panel 20, the color filter 27 being equipped with a plurality of colors 27R, 27G, and 27B. Page 31, lines 3-7.

As called for in Claim 18, the plurality of colors include red 27R, green 27G and blue 27B colors. Page 31, lines 3-7.

As called for in Claim 19, the display device 10 further comprises a polarizer 15 provided between the liquid crystal panel 20 and the light reflector 80, wherein the polarizer 15 substantially transmits a light of a first polarization direction and substantially absorbs a light of a second polarization direction, wherein the first and the second polarization directions are different from each other. Page 29, line 16 – Page 30, line 1, Page 31, lines 15 – 20, and Page 32, line 2 – Page 35, line 15.

As called for in Claim 20, the display device 10 further comprises a light source 71 adapted to introduce light to the light guiding member 72. Page 30, lines 2 – 16.

As called for in Claim 21, the illuminating device 70 is arranged between the light diffuser 30 and the light reflector 80. Page 29, line 16 – Page 30, line 1.

As called for in Claim 22, the display device 10 further comprises: a polarizer 15 provided between the liquid crystal panel 20 and the reflector 80, the polarizer 15 separating light depending on a polarization direction of the light; and a reflection polarizing plate 40 provided between the polarizer 15 and the reflector 80, the reflection polarizing plate 40 separating light depending on a polarization direction of the light; a transmission axis of the polarizer 15 coinciding with a transmission axis of the reflection polarizing plate 80. Page 29, line 16 – Page 31, line 20.

As called for in Claim 23, the display device 10 further comprises a polarizer 12 on a front side of the liquid crystal panel 20. Page 29, line 16 – Page 30, line 1.

As called for in Claim 24, the display device further comprises a reflection polarizing plate 40 between the liquid crystal panel 20 and the light reflector 80, wherein the reflection polarizing plate 40 substantially transmits a light of a first polarization direction and substantially reflects a light of a second polarization direction, the first and second polarization directions being different from one another. Page 29, line 16 – Page 31, line 20.

VI. ISSUES

- a. Whether claims 16 and 19-24 are unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. 103 over Weber in view of Onderkirk, and further in view of Broer et al.
- b. Whether claims 17 and 18 are unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. 103 over Weber in view of Onderkirk and Broer et al. as applied to claims 16 and 19-24 above and further in view of the official notice taken by the examiner.

VII. GROUPING OF CLAIMS

- a. Claims 16 and 19 – 24 were rejected as a group under 35 U.S.C. 103. Claims 16 and 19 – 24 stand or fall together.
- b. Claims 17 and 18 were rejected as a group under 35 U.S.C 103. Claims 17 and 18 stand or fall with base claim 16.

VIII. ARGUMENTS

a. REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 103

Claims 16 and 19-24 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Weber in view of Onderkirk, and further in view of Broer et al. Claims 17 and 18 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Weber in view of Onderkirk, and further in view of Broer et al. and further in view of the official notice taken by the examiner.

Claim 16 calls for $H(\%) \geq -200d + 140(\text{mm})$ wherein d is the distance between the light diffuser and the light reflector, and H is the haze value of the light diffuser. The present inventor conducted an experiment to reduce the parallax generated when effecting reflection type black and white display in the display device constructed as described above. As shown in Fig. 4, in this experiment, the display device was inclined by 30 degrees, and incident light was applied from a direction inclined by 45 degrees with respect to the display device, and the observer observed the parallax from directly above to obtain the experiment results as shown in Table 1. In Table 1, the haze value H indicates the diffusion ratio (5 to 95%) of the light diffusion plate, and the distance d indicates the distance (mm) between the light diffusion plate and the light reflection plate.

Table 1

		Distance d					
		0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
Haze Value	15	B	C	C	C	C	C
	24	A	B	C	C	C	C
	47	A	A	A	C	C	C
	82	AA	A	A	A	B	C
	95	AA	A	A	A	A	C

In Table 1: AA: Shadow is blurred, and display is clear

A: Shadow is blurred

B: Somewhat conspicuous shadow is seen

C: Shadow is clearly seen

From Table 1, the inventor discovered that the relationship between the haze value H and the distance d can be expressed as follows:

$$H \geq -200d + 140 \dots (1)$$

Claim 16 calls for a display device which is constructed so as to satisfy formula

(1). As such, the light diffusion plate can apply the light emitted from the diffusion plate to the light reflection plate in a sufficiently diffused state, thereby reducing the parallax generation.

The present invention is also advantageous when effecting reflection type color display. In a color display, the incident light is colored when it passes the color filter. When the light is reflected by the light reflection plate without being sufficiently diffused by the light diffusion plate, the light re-impinging upon the liquid crystal panel is mixed

with previously colored light as a base color. This results in a display with inconsistent color.

In view of this, by providing a display device which satisfies formula (1), it is possible for the light reaching the light reflection plate (and colored red, green and blue) to be sufficiently diffused, whereby the light reflected from the light reflection plate is white light consisting of uniformly mixed red, green and blue. As a result, it is possible to realize a clear color display free from color inconsistency.

The examiner relies on Weber for teaching most aspects of the invention as claimed in claim 16. The examiner states that there are at least two substrates 150 and 152 between the diffuser 134 and the reflector of Weber and indicates that the light guide itself has some thickness. The examiner then states that d will be greater than 0.7 mm such that the recited haze inequality is automatically satisfied (the examiner asserts that the haze is always greater than or equal to zero or any negative number). The examiner states that claim 16 does not recite the limitation that the diffuser-reflector distance d is between 0.7 and 0.2 mm, inclusive. This limitation is recited in all other allowed claims. Without this limitation, the examiner asserts, any distance d greater than 0.7 mm renders the inequality $H \geq -200d + 140$ (mm) automatically satisfied.

However, the examiner fails to appreciate that none of the prior art teaches or suggests the discovered inequality. That is, none of the prior art teaches or suggests the claimed relationship of haze value to distance. According to MPEP 2143.03 and the cases cited therein, to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness, all the claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art reference (or references when combined). No prior art reference teaches or suggests: $H \geq -200d + 140$ (mm). The

particular values of d which satisfy the inequality are not necessary for patentability.

Discovering the relationship of haze value to distance is sufficient.

As for claims 17-24, Applicant respectfully submits that these claims are allowable for at least the same reasons as set forth above with respect to base claim 16.

APPENDIX OF CLAIMS INVOLVED IN THE APPEAL

The text of the claims is as follows:

1. A display device comprising:

a liquid crystal panel including a liquid crystal material;

a light reflector provided behind the liquid crystal panel; and

a light diffuser arranged between the liquid crystal material and the light reflector, the light diffuser having forward scattering characteristics, a space between the light diffuser and the light reflector being a certain distance;

the light diffuser and the distance satisfying the following relationship:

$$H(\%) \geq -200d + 140(\text{mm})$$

wherein d is the distance between the light diffuser and the light reflector, and H is a haze value of the light diffuser; and

wherein $0.7 \geq d \geq 0.2\text{mm}$.

2. A display device according to Claim 1, further comprising a color filter proximate the liquid crystal panel, the color filter being equipped with a plurality of colors.

3. A display device according to Claim 2, wherein the plurality of colors included red, green and blue colors.

4. A display device according to Claim 1, further comprising:

a polarizer provided between the liquid crystal panel and the light reflector,

wherein the polarizer substantially transmits a light of a first polarization direction and substantially absorbs a light of a second polarization direction,

wherein the first and the second polarization directions are different from each other.

6. A display device according to Claim 1, further comprising an illuminating device having light guiding member and a light source capable of introducing light to the light guiding member,

the illuminating device being arranged between the light diffuser and the light reflector.

7. A display device according to Claim 1, further comprising:

a polarizer provided between the liquid crystal panel and the reflector, the polarizer separating light depending on a polarization direction of the light;

a reflection polarizing plate provided between the polarizer and the reflector, the reflection polarizing plate separating light depending on a polarization direction of the light;

a transmission axis of the polarizer coinciding with a transmission axis of the reflection polarizing plate.

8. An electronic apparatus equipped with a display device according to claim 9.

9. A display device according to Claim 1, further comprising a polarizer on a front side of the liquid crystal panel.

10. A display device according to Claim 1, further comprising a reflection polarizing plate between the liquid crystal panel and the light reflector, wherein the reflection polarizing plate substantially transmits a light of a first polarization direction and substantially reflects a light of a second polarization direction, the first and second polarization directions being different from one another.

11. A display device according to Claim 9, wherein the display device further comprises at least one of a reflective type and a transreflective type display device.

16. A display device adapted to provide both reflection type display and transmission type display, the device comprising:

a liquid crystal panel including a liquid crystal material;

an illuminating device adapted to illuminate the liquid crystal panel in a transmission type display mode;

the illuminating device including a light guiding member;

a light reflector adapted to reflect an external light impinged upon the liquid crystal panel in a reflection type display mode, the light reflector being positioned behind the illumination device relative to the external light;

a light diffuser arranged between the liquid crystal material and the light reflector, the light diffuser having forward scattering characteristics, a space between the light

diffuser and the light reflector being a certain distance, the light diffuser and the distance satisfying the following relationship:

$$H(\%) \geq -200d + 140(\text{mm})$$

wherein d is the distance between the light diffuser and the light reflector, and H is a haze value of the light diffuser.

17. A display device according to Claim 16, further comprising a color filter proximate the liquid crystal panel, the color filter being equipped with a plurality of colors.

18. A display device according to Claim 17, wherein the plurality of colors include red, green and blue colors.

19. A display device according to Claim 16, further comprising:
a polarizer provided between the liquid crystal panel and the light reflector,
wherein the polarizer substantially transmits a light of a first polarization direction
and substantially absorbs a light of a second polarization direction,
wherein the first and the second polarization directions are different from each
other.

20. A display device according to Claim 16, further comprising a light source
adapted to introduce light to the light guiding member.

21. A display device according to Claim 16, wherein the illuminating device is arranged between the light diffuser and the light reflector.

22. A display device according to Claim 16, further comprising:

a polarizer provided between the liquid crystal panel and the reflector, the polarizer separating light depending on a polarization direction of the light; and

a reflection polarizing plate provided between the polarizer and the reflector, the reflection polarizing plate separating light depending on a polarization direction of the light;

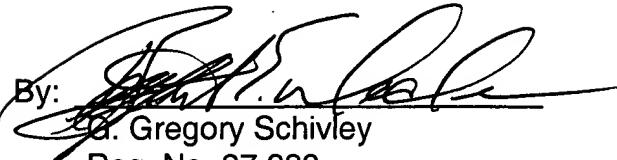
a transmission axis of the polarizer coinciding with a transmission axis of the reflection polarizing plate.

23. A display device according to Claim 16, further comprising a polarizer on a front side of the liquid crystal panel.

24. A display device according to Claim 16, further comprising a reflection polarizing plate between the liquid crystal panel and the light reflector,

wherein the reflection polarizing plate substantially transmits a light of a first polarization direction and substantially reflects a light of a second polarization direction, the first and second polarization directions being different from one another.

Respectfully submitted,

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Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box →

HDP/SB/21 based on PTO/SB/21 (08-00)

SAF 12871

TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

		Application Number	09/625,769
		Filing Date	July 26, 2000
		First Named Inventor	IIJIMA
		Group Art Unit	2871
		Examiner Name	Andrew Schecter
Total Number of Pages in This Submission		Attorney Docket Number	9319S-000142

ENCLOSURES (check all that apply)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Assignment Papers (for an Application)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to Group
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment / Response	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Group (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):
<input type="checkbox"/> Express Abandonment Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Terminal Disclaimer	Return Receipt Postcard
<input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> Request for Refund	
<input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> CD, Number of CD(s) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Response to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application	Remarks	The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees that may be required under 37 CFR 1.16 or 1.17 to Deposit Account No. 08-0750.
<input type="checkbox"/> Response to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53		

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

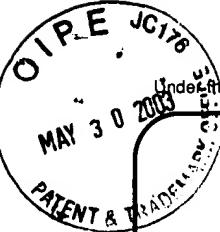
Firm or Individual name	Harness, Dickey & Pierce, P.L.C.	Attorney Name G. Gregory Schivley Bryant E. Wade	Reg. No. 27,382 40,344
Signature			
Date	May 28, 2003		

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING/TRANSMISSION

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Signature		Date	May 28, 2003

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FEE TRANSMITTAL for FY 2003

Patent fees are subject to annual revision.

Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$ 330)

Complete If Known

Application Number	09/625,769
Filing Date	7/26/2000
First Named Inventor	IIJIMA
Examiner Name	Andrew Schechter
Group / Art Unit	2871
Attorney Docket No.	9319S-000142

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check all that apply)

Check Credit card Money Other None
Order

Deposit Account:

Deposit
Account
Number

08-0750

Deposit
Account
Name

Harness, Dickey & Pierce, P.L.C.

The Commissioner is authorized to: (check all that apply)

Charge fee(s) indicated below Credit any overpayments
 Charge any additional fee(s) during the pendency of this application
 Charge fee(s) indicated below, except for the filing fee
 to the above-identified deposit account.

FEE CALCULATION

1. BASIC FILING FEE

Large Entity	Small Entity
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Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
1001	750	2001	375	Utility filing fee	
1002	330	2002	165	Design filing fee	
1003	520	2003	260	Plant filing fee	
1004	750	2004	375	Reissue filing fee	
1005	160	2005	80	Provisional filing fee	

SUBTOTAL (1)

(\$ 0)

2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES

		Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid
Total Claims		-20 **	= 0	X = 0
Independent Claims		-3 **	= 0	X = 0
Multiple Dependent			X = 0	

Large Entity	Small Entity
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Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee Description
1202	18	2202	9	Claims in excess of 20
1201	84	2201	42	Independent claims in excess of 3
1203	280	2203	140	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid
1204	84	2204	42	** Reissue independent claims over original patent
1205	18	2205	9	** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent

SUBTOTAL (2)

(\$ 0)

**or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see above

FEE CALCULATION (continued)

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

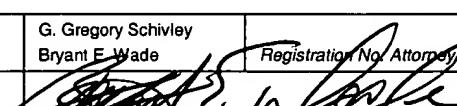
Large Entity	Small Entity	Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
		1051	130	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
		1052	50	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	
		1053	130	Non-English specification	
		1812	2,520	For filing a request for reexamination	
		1804	920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	
		1805	1,840*	Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	
		1251	110	Extension for reply within first month	
		1252	410	Extension for reply within second month	
		1253	930	Extension for reply within third month	
		1254	1,450	Extension for reply within fourth month	
		1255	1,970	Extension for reply within fifth month	
		1401	320	Notice of Appeal	320
		1402	320	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	
		1403	280	Request for oral hearing	
		1451	1,510	Petition to institute a public use proceeding	
		1452	110	Petition to revive - unavoidable	
		1453	1,300	Petition to revive - unintentional	
		1501	1,300	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	
		1502	470	Design issue fee	
		1503	630	Plant issue fee	
		1460	130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
		1807	50	Processing fee under 37 CFR 1.17 (q)	
		1806	180	Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	
		8021	40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	
		1809	750	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a))	
		1810	750	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b))	
		1801	750	Request for Continued Examination (RCE)	
		1802	900	Request for expedited examination of a design application	

Other fee (specify) _____

*Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3)

(\$ 330)

SUBMITTED BY			Complete (if applicable)		
Name (Print/Type)	G. Gregory Schivley Bryant E. Wade	Registration No. Attorney/Agent	27,382 40,344	Telephone	(248) 641-1600
Signature				Date	May 28, 2003

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